



SCOTTISH HOME DEPARTMENT

Report of
Her Majesty's Inspector
of Fire Services
for Scotland
for 1956

*Presented by the Secretary of State for Scotland to Parliament
by Command of Her Majesty
May, 1957*

EDINBURGH
HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE
NINEPENCE NET

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Report of Her Majesty's Inspector of Fire Services for Scotland for 1956

SCOTTISH HOME DEPARTMENT,
18 ROTHESAY TERRACE,
EDINBURGH, 3.
29th March, 1957.

TO THE RIGHT HON. JOHN S. MACLAY, C.M.G., M.P.,
HER MAJESTY'S SECRETARY OF STATE FOR SCOTLAND.

SIR,

1. I have the honour to submit my report on the Fire Services of Scotland for 1956.

Inspections of Fire Brigades

2. All fire brigades in Scotland were inspected during the year.

3. The need to observe strict economy continues; nevertheless, brigades are maintaining a reasonable standard of efficiency under the circumstances and authorities are meeting, generally, the obligations imposed on them by the Fire Services Act, 1947.

4. As a consequence of the making of the Fire Services (Conditions of Service) (Scotland) Amendment No. 2 Regulations, 1955, most brigades during 1956 have introduced the 56 hour week for operational firemen and junior ranks, or are in the process of introducing it. Authorised establishments have been or are being adjusted for this purpose but, owing to unavoidable delay in recruiting and training firemen, particularly in the industrial areas where brigades were already under-established, an additional strain has been felt in manning fire appliances; but there has been no diminution in the maintenance of reasonable standards of fire extinction.

5. Arising out of the recommendations of the Select Committee on Estimates, the Joint Committee, appointed by the two Fire Brigades Advisory Councils to advise on standards of fire cover, to which I referred in my report last year, have met on three occasions during 1956 and anticipate completing their report in the early part of 1957.

Legislation

6. The following regulations were made under various sections of the Fire Services Act, 1947, during the year:—

The Fire Services (Conditions of Service) (Scotland) Regulations, 1956 (S.I. No. 121 (S.3)) which provide for increases in the pay of members of fire brigades below the rank of Assistant Firemaster.

The Fire Services (Conditions of Service) (Scotland) Amendment Regulations, 1956 (S.I. No. 988 (S.46)) which provide that an Assistant Firemaster shall be provided by the fire authority with residential accommodation free of charge or shall be paid a rent allowance.

The Fire Services (Conditions of Service) (Scotland) Amendment No. 2 Regulations, 1956 (S.I. No. 1334 (S.64)), which increase the fees payable to retained part-time members of fire brigades and to whole-time members who undertake the duties of retained members.

The Fire Services (Conditions of Service) (Scotland) Amendment No. 3 Regulations, 1956 (S.I. No. 1675 (S. 77)), which provide for increases to the pay of members of fire brigades below the rank of assistant firemaster and payment of a transitional allowance to replace the allowance payable con-

sequent on the consolidation of rates of pay. Further provision is also made as to compulsory retirement on grounds of age of members.

The Firemen's Pension Scheme Order, 1956 (S.I. No. 1022), which consolidates with amendments the Firemen's Pension Scheme, 1952.

The Firemen's Pension Scheme (No. 2) Order, 1956 (S.I. No. 2014), which remedies two defects in the Firemen's Pension Scheme, 1956.

Establishment of Fire Brigades

7. It is with very great regret that I have to report the death of Firemaster Duncan MacDonald, Northern Area Fire Brigade, in July, 1956. He was succeeded in November by Mr. J. D. McNicol, who was previously Deputy Firemaster, Central Area Fire Brigade.

8. I greatly regret also having to report the death of Mr. R. Duncan, Deputy Firemaster, Perth and Kinross Fire Brigade, in August, 1956.

9. Consequential vacancies in the posts of Deputy Firemaster in the Perth and Kinross and Central Area Fire Brigades have been filled respectively by Mr. W. Scott, previously Assistant Divisional Officer, South-Eastern Area Fire Brigade, in November, and Mr. G. Cooper, previously Assistant Divisional Officer, Bristol Fire Brigade, in December.

10. The authorised establishments and strengths of brigades as at the 31st December, 1956, are shown in Table 1 of this report. The regrading of the posts of the Deputy Firemasters in certain of the brigades accounts for the changes in authorised establishments of senior officers from those shown with last year's report; while increases elsewhere in the whole-time operational establishments are almost all due to adjustments connected with the introduction of the 56 hour week in brigades. The authorised establishment of retained firemen remains unchanged over the year, while that of volunteer firemen has increased slightly as a consequence of the establishment of an additional volunteer station.

11. Table 2 attached to this report shows the changes in whole-time strengths which have occurred during the year. The strength of whole-time men shows an overall increase of 75 during the year. Recruitment during that period brought 177 men into brigades. Although this figure, which is 94 better than for the previous year, indicates an improvement in the overall recruiting position, the net gains over the year which it brings must be related to higher authorised establishments, with the result that strength deficiency in the Service has increased slightly since 1955. The table indicates that recruitment is easing and is now showing increasing gains over losses due to resignations and other causes. A continuance of the present trend should see, next year, brigades, even in industrial areas, on the way to clearing deficiencies.

Health

12. In my last report I referred to the attention which must be paid to the general health of the Service as affecting the maintenance of the required standards of fire cover. It is gratifying to find therefore from this year's returns that there has been an improvement in the position amongst uniformed whole-time male personnel. It is recorded that cases of sickness or injury attributable to service numbered 657, a decrease of 183. On-duty days lost owing to sickness or injury were, due to service 3,001, not due to service 16,343. The total of these figures represents about 4.3% of the total days workable in brigades.

13. In the part-time Service there has also been some decrease in the numbers of occasions of sickness or injury attributable to service but this has not been reflected in the number of on-duty days lost to the Service which, at a figure of 1,794, is up by 870 over last year's returns.

14. There were three cases of serious injury to firemen during the year but fortunately none of these is likely to lead to permanent incapacity.

Discipline

15. There has been no evidence that discipline in the Service has been other than well maintained. Cases against discipline calling for punishment have been relatively few as indicated by the following table.

<i>Punishment Awarded</i>	<i>Number of Cases</i>
Reduction of Rank	1
Stoppage of Pay	2
Reprimand	2
Caution	3

Benevolence

16. The benefits to be derived through the Fire Service National Benevolent Fund are widely appreciated and the good work done by the Scottish Group of the Fund has been recognised during the year under review by a marked increase in the donations received. At the same time there has been an advance of the number of claims made on the Fund and death grants have been increased in certain cases. Benefits from the Fund have included weekly allowances to Fire Service orphans and a number of these children have also received special clothing grants at Christmas time.

17. A scheme which was instituted for the treatment in Switzerland of Fire Service personnel or their dependants affected by tuberculosis, when it was difficult to obtain equivalent treatment in a Scottish sanatorium, has now been closed as having served its purpose.

Training

18. The temporary difficulty attendant on the introduction of the 56 hour week and other strains on manpower in brigades has had a direct effect on training programmes in brigades, with the result that attendances of members, other than recruits, at the Scottish Fire Service Training School has fallen seriously. Increased recruiting has brought greater demands for places on recruits courses and four such courses, as against three in normal years, were introduced in 1956.

19. Attendances at the Scottish Fire Service Training School during the year were :—

<i>Course</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>No. of Courses</i>	<i>No. Attending</i>
Recruits'	12 weeks	4*	120
Firemen's	3 "	4	50
Leading Firemen's	6 "	1	6
Sub-Officers'	6 "	1	7
Introductory Fire Prevention	8 "	1	11
Retained Men's	1 week	3	66

* One course not completed at end of year.

20. A modern pump escape appliance was added to the Training School equipment during 1956, and a wheeled escape and a water tender were on order.

21. Brigades have continued to make use of the facilities afforded for training at the Fire Service College. Attendances during 1956 were :—

<i>Type of Course</i>	<i>Numbers Attending</i>
Station Officers'	6
Sub-Officers'	12
Fire Prevention (Long)	1
Retained Officers'	7

Promotions Procedure

22. In accordance with the Appointments and Promotion Regulations promotion examinations were held in May. The results of the examinations were as follows :—

	<i>Presentations</i>	<i>Passes</i>
Station Officers	73	20
Sub-Officers	91	16
Leading Firemen :		
Educational Subjects	45	30
Technical Subjects	61	29

23. The Fire Services (Scotland) Central Examinations Board have, during the year, reviewed the whole examinations procedure in the light of experience gained since the inception of promotion examinations in 1950. Resultant commendations designed to make the examinations more truly a test of the technical and practical ability required in those aspiring to hold the appropriate ranks are due to be considered by the Scottish Central Fire Brigades Advisory Council during 1957.

24. In addition to the appointments referred to in paragraphs 7 and 9 of this report, promotions within brigades during the year included one Divisional Officer (Grade III), two Assistant Divisional Officers, eight Station Officers, ten Sub-Officers (six temporary posts) and sixteen Leading Firemen (four temporary posts) all whole-time members of brigades, and, in the retained sections of brigades, one Station Officer, fourteen Sub-Officers and twenty-two Leading Firemen.

Appliances and Equipment

25. During the year no improvement has taken place in the relatively slow rate of replacement of brigade appliances to which I have referred in previous reports as being a matter for concern.

26. A total of 17 major fire appliances were put on the run in brigades during the year comprising 5 pump escapes, 4 self-propelled pumps and 8 water tenders. In addition to these 1 emergency tender and 11 light pumps have been taken into service.

27. A large proportion of brigade fleets still consist of ageing appliances. Consequently, work falling to brigade repair and maintenance departments increases in importance in the maintenance of efficient and reliable fire cover. The numbers of uniformed personnel employed in brigade workshops at the end of the year is shown by the following table :—

Rank	Fire Brigade Areas											Totals
	Angus	Central	Fife	Glasgow	Lanark-shire	North-Eastern	Northern	Perth and Kinross	South-Eastern	South Western	Western	
Station Officer	1	1	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	6
Sub-Officer	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	4
Leading Firemen	1	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	3
Fireman	7	—	—	14	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	22
Totals	9	1	1	16	1	4	—	1	—	1	1	35

Premises

28. Curtailment of the building of new or replacement fire stations and major improvements to existing stations has continued in view of the restrictions necessarily placed on capital investment, and it has only been possible to authorise work to proceed in cases of special urgency.

29. Headway is being made in the selection and acquisition of sites and the preparation of plans for new stations so that Authorities will be in a position to proceed without delay as and when expenditure can be authorised.

30. The station building programme, which started in 1948 when the Fire Services came under Local Authority control, has resulted in the position where five whole-time and twenty-four retained stations were completed and work on a further three whole-time and two retained stations was in progress while an additional four whole-time and ten retained stations have had provisional approval. Major improvements have been completed at four stations and similar work was in progress at two. One further scheme of improvement has

been authorised but not commenced. Fourteen properties have been purchased and adapted to provide reasonable accommodation.

31. Progress has been made during the year in the building of houses for firemen and 283 of the 312 houses authorised were completed and 20 were in course of construction.

Water Supplies

32. The year has shown a slight increase in the rate of new installations of hydrants and the replacement of non-standard or defective hydrants with installations of standard design. About 28% of all hydrants are now completely standard and these together with those hydrants on which outlets have been standardised represent about 53% of the total hydrants in the country.

33. In order to speed up the standardisation of hydrants, brigades, in one or two instances, have introduced a programme of replacement of obsolete types of hydrants by which it is anticipated that all hydrants in those brigades will have been completely standardised within about five years.

Communications

34. The position in relation to wireless communications as described in my last report has remained unchanged during the year. Eight of the eleven brigades are equipped with very high frequency apparatus, and six have, additionally, hand portable transmitter/receivers.

35. The long distance remote control systems based on whole-time stations for the purpose of calling out retained units have been installed as necessary in continuance of the policy of replacing existing older types of installations where the call-out arrangements were not proving satisfactory or where local telephone exchanges have been converted to automatic working.

Fire Prevention

36. A comparison of table No. 4 attached to this report with that of the preceding year gives some indication of the trend of fire prevention work in brigades. The gross total of 16,091 inspections undertaken this year shows a small decrease of 121 on last year's figure but this is more than accounted for by a large decrease in the number of inspections recorded under the heading of Cinemas, Theatres and Other Places of Public Entertainment or Assembly, which fell from 9,310 to 7,811 inspections.

37. Considerable headway has been made in the inspections executed in industrial and business premises, schools, hospitals and homes, which is encouraging, particularly in view of the special life risk which many such establishments involve.

38. As I have indicated in previous reports, much important work is undertaken by Fire Prevention Departments which it is not possible to tabulate. This is brought about in many instances by the close co-operation which has developed with architects, who seek the advice of brigades. The technique of building design and construction has, over a period of years, gradually become more scientific and it is being generally accepted that the provision of adequate fire precautions in a building, when first designed, need not add excessively to the cost.

39. Experience has shown the value of close co-ordination between the Inspectors of Factories and Firemasters in relation to fire preventive measures in factories. As the result of a serious fire in a factory at Keighley, Yorkshire, with the loss of eight lives, which was the subject of debate in the House of Commons, steps have been taken towards extending this co-operation and the Ministry of Labour and National Service have issued appropriate instruction to all Inspectors. This may well place additional work on the Fire Prevention Departments of brigades, but the Inspectors of Factories have been instructed to keep closely in

touch with Firemasters so that joint inspections may be arranged in such a way as to avoid any sudden strain on the resources of brigades.

40. The authorised staffing of Fire Prevention Departments is shown in following table.

Rank	Fire Brigade Areas											Totals
	Angus	Central	Fife	Glasgow	Lanarkshire	North-Eastern	Northern	Perth and Kinross	South-Eastern	South Western	Western	
Divisional Officer Grade III	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	2
Assistant Divisional Officer	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Station Officer	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	—	1	1	1	13
Sub-Officer	1	—	1	—	5	—	—	1	—	1	2	11
Totals	2	2	2	2	8	2	1	1	2	2	3	27

Mutual Assistance and Fire Brigade Area Boundary Arrangements

41. The value of the provisions made under Sections 2 and 12 of the Fire Services Act, 1947, for adjoining brigades to render assistance in the form of reinforcements or as part or whole of the first attendance at fires has been emphasised during the year by a further increase in the number of such attendances.

42. The year has seen 583 occasions on which appliances and crews from adjoining brigades have provided either whole or part of the first attendance and 6 occasions have arisen on which reinforcements were required.

Fires and other Occurrences

43. The summary of fires and special services attended by brigades during the year is given in table No. 3 attached to this report. A total of 10,639 fires, excluding chimney fires, is shown. This is a reduction of almost 20% of the number which occurred during 1955, but the total still exceeds, by a considerable margin, the average of previous years. There are, however, no grounds for suggesting that the overall reduction was in the main brought about by other than the prevailing weather conditions during the summer, which were less contributory to the starting and spreading of forest and heath fires than they were during the long dry spell of the previous year.

44. The 9,276 calls to chimney fires is a higher figure than has been recorded in any of my previous reports covering an equivalent period. This matter is one of increasing concern, and, whilst it is receiving official consideration, the co-operation of the public in avoiding conditions which may give rise to chimney fires is in the interests of all concerned.

45. The calling of the brigade without delay when an outbreak of fire is evident or even suspected is a practice to be commended, and the total of 2,894 false alarms with good intent are accepted as a necessary contribution towards better fire protection. One cannot, too strongly condemn the originators of malicious calls, which place an increasing burden on brigades and unnecessarily reduce the cover available for genuine calls.

46. Calls on brigades to perform special services have been fewer over the year, with a total of 992 occasions. It is becoming the aim in most quarters to restrict attendances, so far as possible, to incidents involving danger to life, health or public service.

47. It is with regret that I have to record that 65 lives were lost by fires during the year. In 52 cases the victims died, or received injuries which subsequently resulted in death, before the arrival of the brigade. Over the same period 76

persons were rescued from fire by brigade personnel or equipment, and 59 persons at occurrences other than fires.

Civil Defence

48. The training of certain Royal Air Force National Service Reservists in fire fighting duties at Washington Hall, Lancashire, to which I referred in my last report, was continued and the scheme has been extended by the opening during the year of a second training establishment at Moreton-in-Marsh, Gloucestershire. This establishment has been provided primarily for men undergoing the second and more advanced stage of their training. Scottish brigades have assisted by providing two senior instructors and five instructors at Washington Hall and eight instructors at Moreton-in-Marsh. One senior instructor and one instructor at Washington Hall continued their services from 1955.

49. During the early part of the year the initial period of experimental work concerning the technique involved in the use of emergency fire fighting equipment was completed at the Fire Service Tactical Training Centre at Reigate and, with a view to making the information which had been gathered available to brigades, a series of courses for personnel was arranged. Three officers and eleven other ranks from Scotland attended these courses. The value of such courses was widely appreciated and, as a consequence, nominations exceeded the places available.

50. At the close of the year the strength of the Auxiliary Fire Service was 961, comprising 695 men and 266 women. The latter figure coincides with that recorded last year, but the figure for men shows a reduction of 6. Training has continued, but as a result of wastage the percentage of the Auxiliary Fire Service strength who have completed basic training in firefighting remains almost exactly as reported last year, namely 58%, while those fully trained in Civil Defence subjects has fallen from 28% to 22%.

51. Wastages in regular brigades have resulted, in both the whole-time and the retained services, in some reductions in the numbers of personnel with completed training in civil defence and rescue. About 71% of whole-time and about 37% of retained personnel were trained in civil defence whilst approximately 29% whole-time and 16% retained personnel completed basic training in rescue.

Appreciation

52. As in past years I have to record my appreciation of the consideration and assistance received by myself and the Assistant Inspector from members of fire brigade authorities and from firemasters, officers and men and women of fire brigades.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

A. D. WILSON,

H. M. Inspector of Fire Services for Scotland.

ESTABLISHMENT AND STRENGTH

31st December,

TABLE 1

BRIGADE	MEN : OPERATIONAL																				
	Whole-time												Retained					Volun- teer			
	Authorised Establishment												Authorised Establishment					Authorised Establishment			
	Firemasters	Assistant Firemasters	Deputy Firemasters*	Divisional Officers (Grade I.)	Divisional Officers (Grade II.)	Divisional Officers (Grade III.)	Assistant Divisional Officers	Station Officers	Sub-Officers	Leading Firemen	Firemen	Total	Actual Strength	Station Officers	Sub-Officers	Leading Firemen	Firemen	Total	Actual Strength	Authorised Establishment	Actual strength
Angus ...	1	—	D.O. I.	1	—	1	—	8	10	10	84	115	122	4	8	13	100	125	105	—	—
Central ...	1	—	D.O. I.	1	—	1	—	8	8	13	85	117	109	1	5	22	190	218	149	24	24
Fife ...	1	—	D.O. II.	—	1	—	—	7	7	10	157	183	83	2	13	21	144	180	151	—	—
Glasgow ...	1	1	—	—	2	4	2	30	43	56	485	624	580	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lanarkshire	1	1	—	—	—	2	—	10	17	19	128	178	176	—	11	13	117	141	116	106	20
North-Eastern	1	1	—	—	—	1	1	7	10	10	74	105	102	4	21	66	364	455	375	21	20
Northern ...	1	—	D.O. III.	—	—	1	1	2	3	2	18	28	27	7	19	20	138	184	167	191	196
Perth & Kinross	1	—	D.O. III.	—	—	1	—	2	4	4	24	36	36	—	5	25	135	165	138	9	7
South-Eastern	1	1	—	2	—	1	2	15	25	26	216	289	278	6	21	33	239	299	247	—	—
South-Western	1	1	—	—	—	1	1	5	10	12	79	110	108	3	36	44	337	420	367	50	24
Western ...	1	1	—	—	—	2	1	10	18	16	135	184	175	5	15	25	226	271	222	207	167
Totals ...	11	6	—	4	3	15	8	104	155	178	1385	1869	1796	32	154	282	1900	2458	2037	608	458

* This column shows the rank of Deputy Firemasters (where not otherwise shown).

D.O.—Divisional Officer.

‡ Includes 4 temporary posts.

OF FIRE BRIGADES
1956

SECTION 1A

CONTROL AND WATCHROOM STAFF											ADMINISTRATIVE—CIVILIANS										GROSS TOTALS				
Men					Women					Total Authorised Establishment	Authorised Establishment										Actual Strength		Authorised Establishment	Actual Establishment	
Authorised Establishment					Authorised Establishment						Office		Stores		Work-shops		Other Employees		Total						
State Officers	Sub-Officers	Leading Firemen	Firemen	Total	Actual Strength	Senior Leading Firewomen	Leading Firewomen	Firewomen	Total		Actual Strength	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men			Women
—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	6	8	8	8	1	3	1	—	—	—	—	4	2	7	3	6	257	244
—	1	—	5	6	6	—	—	3	3	2	9	—	4	1	—	3	—	1	3	5	7	5	7	380	302
—	—	—	3	3	3	—	—	6	6	6	9	1	4	1	—	2	—	—	2	4	6	2	5	282	250
—	—	—	35	35	35	—	—	†22	†22	†22	57	5	10	1	—	—	—	8	2	14	12	13	12	707	662
—	—	—	1	1	1	1	—	7	8	8	8	2	6	2	—	4	—	—	6	8	12	8	12	454	341
—	—	—	4	4	3	1	1	8	10	10	14	1	5	1	—	2	—	—	1	4	6	4	6	605	520
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	2	2	—	3	1	—	—	—	—	1	1	4	1	4	410	397
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	3	3	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	3	216	188	
—	1	—	5	6	6	—	4	4	8	8	8	1	8	2	1	10	—	1	1	14	10	13	10	626	562
—	—	—	1	1	1	—	1	3	4	4	5	1	3	2	—	1	—	—	4	3	4	3	5	592	511
—	—	—	2	2	2	—	3	6	9	11	9	—	7	1	—	5	—	—	8	6	15	6	13	694	596
—	2	—	56	58	57	4	9	70	83	84	132	12	56	13	1	27	—	10	28	62	85	60	81	5223	4573

† Non-uniformed.

SUMMARY OF FIRES AND SPECIAL SERVICES WHICH HAVE OCCURRED DURING THE YEAR
ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1956

TABLE 3

Fire Area	Fires requiring the attendance of								Total Fires	Chimney Fires	False Alarms			Total Fire Calls	Special Services
	1 Pump	2 Pumps	3-4 Pumps	5 Pumps	6-8 Pumps	9-10 Pumps	11-15 Pumps	Malicious			With good intent	Total			
Angus ...	611	73	25	1	2	—	—	—	712	785	57	129	186	1,683	220
Central ...	697	5	—	1	—	—	—	—	703	497	39	126	165	1,365	39
Fife ...	465	14	—	2	—	—	—	—	481	449	25	57	82	1,012	45
Glasgow ...	2,534	—	2	16	2	—	—	—	2,554	2,552	796	1,649	2,445	7,551	196
Lanarkshire ...	1,120	55	11	1	1	—	—	—	1,188	587	90	151	241	2,016	96
North-Eastern ...	863	31	4	—	1	—	1	—	900	704	23	79	102	1,706	105
Northern ...	231	31	4	1	—	—	—	—	267	234	3	15	18	519	42
Perth and Kinross	350	21	2	2	—	—	—	—	375	130	5	31	36	541	39
South-Eastern ...	1,706	11	2	—	—	—	—	—	1,719	2,061	94	354	448	4,228	90
South-Western ...	724	11	3	1	—	—	—	—	739	542	14	100	114	1,395	54
Western ...	998	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	1,001	735	81	203	284	72,020 3,020	66
Totals ...	10,299	254	54	25	6	—	—	1	10,639	9,276	1,227	2,894	4,121	24,036	992

**FIRE PREVENTION INSPECTIONS
DURING THE YEAR ENDED**

TABLE 4

(I) FIRE AREA	(II) Industrial or Business Premises or Undertakings					(III) Local Authority Premises or Undertakings other than headings (IV) and (V)					(IV) Schools				
	Full Survey	Specific Inspection	Routine Inspection	Follow-up Inspection	Total	Full Survey	Specific Inspection	Routine Inspection	Follow-up Inspection	Total	Full Survey	Specific Inspection	Routine Inspection	Follow-up Inspection	Total
Angus	63	63	17	10	153	—	—	—	—	—	4	11	60	—	75
Central	64	214	44	14	336	4	4	—	—	8	19	23	11	6	59
Fife	11	119	—	27	157	1	8	—	—	9	11	25	—	—	36
Glasgow	11	196	—	1	208	2	314	—	—	316	3	266	96	—	365
Lanarkshire	511	2439	—	90	3040	5	142	—	9	156	3	126	—	11	140
North-Eastern	40	93	—	5	138	—	4	—	—	4	25	11	—	—	36
Northern	1	4	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	21
Perth and Kinross	7	18	47	14	86	—	1	16	1	18	3	17	5	8	33
South-Eastern	105	76	—	—	181	—	20	—	—	20	3	69	—	—	72
South-Western	11	43	—	—	54	1	6	—	—	7	—	20	—	—	20
Western	8	109	—	320	437	—	43	—	—	43	3	77	540	—	620
Totals	832	3374	108	481	4795	13	542	16	10	581	95	645	712	25	1477

Note.—For the purposes of this table the terms "Survey," "Specific Inspection," "Routine Inspection," and "Follow-up Inspection" are used as follows:—

Survey. A thorough and comprehensive examination of the premises and processes at risk, as regards fire prevention arrangements which are in operation or require to be made, covering, for instance, fire appliances and equipment, water supplies, means of escape, storage conditions, and "good-housekeeping."

UNDERTAKEN BY FIRE BRIGADES

31st DECEMBER, 1956

	(V) Hospitals, Homes, &c.					(VI) Cinemas, Theatres, and other places of Public Entertainment or Assembly.					(VII) Miscellaneous Premises or Undertakings not included elsewhere in this Table					(VIII) Gross Totals				
	Full Survey	Specific Inspection	Routine Inspection	Follow-up Inspection	Total	Full Survey	Specific Inspection	Routine Inspection	Follow-up Inspection	Total	Full Survey	Specific Inspection	Routine Inspection	Follow-up Inspection	Total	Full Survey	Specific Inspection	Routine Inspection	Follow-up Inspection	Total
19	52	7	8	86	245	28	401	—	674	66	15	25	11	117	397	169	510	29	1105	
10	53	52	14	129	47	73	632	5	757	9	70	8	—	87	153	437	747	39	1376	
2	25	7	14	48	16	169	154	98	437	1	8	—	—	9	42	354	161	139	696	
8	2	—	—	10	—	253	328	—	581	—	34	—	—	34	24	1065	424	1	1514	
5	113	—	23	141	131	378	—	1628	2137	5	72	—	—	77	660	3270	—	1761	5691	
6	22	8	3	39	7	53	174	6	240	4	14	—	—	18	82	197	182	14	475	
3	1	—	—	4	1	2	—	—	3	4	—	—	—	4	30	7	—	—	37	
6	1	5	11	23	2	—	56	10	68	8	14	73	21	116	26	51	202	65	344	
3	27	—	—	30	7	571	917	—	1495	55	197	—	—	252	173	960	917	—	2050	
—	8	2	3	13	6	50	605	4	665	3	26	2	—	31	21	153	609	7	790	
6	103	—	—	109	—	234	520	—	754	6	44	—	—	50	23	610	1060	320	2013	
68	407	81	76	632	462	1811	3787	1751	7811	161	494	108	32	795	1631	7273	4812	2375	16091	

Specific Inspection. An examination of the premises and plant for the purposes indicated above, but limited to one or more particular aspect of fire prevention.

Routine Inspection. An examination made, as a rule, periodically, for the purpose of ascertaining whether particular precautions which should be in operation are in fact being maintained.

Follow-up Inspection. An inspection made following a survey or specific inspection to note progress or to advise on detail.

TABLE 5 STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE AND INCOME FOR THE LOCAL FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MAY, 1956

Fire Brigade Authority	GROSS EXPENDITURE										Net Expenditure Approved for Fire Services Grant (See footnote)
	Pay and Allowances	Pensions, Gratuities, etc.	Buildings	Clothing and Personal Equipment	Appliances and Vehicles	Com-muni-cations	Water Supplies	Other Expendi-ture	Total Gross Expendi-ture	Income (other than Fire Services Grant)	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Angus ...	85,868	3,655	12,431	3,336	12,899	2,523	3,810	3,412	127,934	7,412	120,522
Central ...	83,504	3,432	19,869	2,812	16,407	2,165	5,042	5,986	139,217	5,385	133,832
Fife ...	62,532	1,792	18,772	2,853	11,794	3,909	2,767	2,401	106,820	4,919	101,901
Glasgow ...	351,937	34,914	74,444	18,741	30,153	5,562	15,987	7,017	538,755	38,471	500,284
Lanarkshire ...	109,885	3,164	47,949	5,371	20,788	2,719	13,051	4,512	207,439	9,662	197,777
North-Eastern ...	92,573	3,000	13,961	2,572	28,615	3,889	6,721	6,472	157,803	7,215	150,588
Northern ...	31,294	962	4,957	1,579	9,795	1,664	1,436	1,672	53,359	5,201	48,158
Perth and Kinross	30,071	1,219	6,964	1,118	6,539	1,367	3,242	1,820	52,340	2,554	49,786
South-Eastern ...	184,405	14,988	35,281	4,626	19,801	4,632	9,970	6,171	279,874	14,314	265,560
South-Western	85,107	2,363	12,475	2,969	10,861	2,603	2,157	3,742	122,277	7,278	114,999
Western ...	124,088	9,331	11,863	4,740	17,754	2,955	9,584	6,255	186,570	9,291	177,279
TOTAL ...	1,241,264	78,820	258,966	50,717	185,406	33,988	73,767	49,460	1,972,388	111,702	1,860,686

Fire Services Grant paid by the Scottish Home Department amounted to one quarter of the net expenditure. The sum of £28,228 0s 0d was incurred by the Scottish Home Department on the provision and maintenance of Training Centres. Of this amount the sum of £20,036 0s 0d was recovered from Fire Brigade Authorities by deduction from Fire Services Grant.

In the case of certain of the constituent fire authorities the expenditure not met from Fire Services Grant qualifies for Exchequer Equalisation Grant under the Local Government (Financial Provisions) (Scotland) Act, 1954.

The statement does not include expenditure incurred on the Auxiliary Fire Service.